



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

During the week vessels proceeding to the United States were granted bills of health, as follows:

July 24, the British steamship *Seneca*, with 48 crew, en route from Hankow to Boston and New York, via Cebu, was granted supplemental bill of health after the usual inspection.

July 26, British steamship *St. Patrick*, with 38 crew, en route from Yokohama to Boston and New York, was granted supplemental bill of health. All persons on board were inspected at the hour of sailing; manifests viséed.

RUSSIA.

Report from St. Petersburg—Cholera situation in Samara Province.

The following is received from Minister Riddle, under date of August 17:

A notice received from the foreign office states that on August 4 and 5 there were in the city and Province of Samara 23 cases of cholera, of which 6 resulted fatally.

SIAM.

Report from Bangkok—Plague.

Information received through the Department of State from Consul-General White, at Bangkok, under date of July 20, shows that there were 2 fatal cases of plague in the city of Bangkok during the month of June, 1907.

WEST INDIES.

Report from Bridgetown, Barbados—Inspection of vessels—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Urquhart reports, August 31:

Week ended August 31. Bills of health issued as follows:

Steamship *Madeirense* from Manaos to New York, steamship *Simonside* from Norfolk, Va., to a port in the United States, steamship *Benj. F. Hunt, jr.*, from Buenos Aires to Fernandina, Fla., steamship *Camoens* from Santos to New York, and steamship *Gutrune* from Santos to New York.

The *Simonside* and *Benj. F. Hunt, jr.*, were in ballast; the others with cargo; the sanitary condition of vessels, cargo, crews, and passengers, good. Total number of crews, 184; total number of passengers, 76.

Sanitary condition of this port, good. No quarantinable diseases reported this week for the port or island.

Report from Castries, St. Lucia Island—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Maylie reports, August 26:

Week ended August 24, 1907. No quarantinable diseases exist; sanitary condition of port, good.